

REMINDER: SITE MUST ASSIGN ID NUMBER → Enter "4" in the first box. The next 2 digits indicate the site's number, 01-49 (Midwest sites) and 50-99 (East Coast sites). The local ID # should be at least 4 digits.
LOCAL ID# IS NOT KID#.

Cohort: ___ Site: ___ Local ID#: _____

(NOT KID#)

Coordinator Initials _____

**Chronic Kidney Disease in Children (CKiD)
REFUSAL FORM/NON-PARTICIPATION (REF)**

Form Version: 03 / 01 / 2026

1. Date Form Completed: ___ / ___ / ___ [mm/dd/yyyy]

2. Year of birth: _____ [yyyy]

3. Sex assigned at birth: 1) Male 2) Female

4. Kidney Replacement Therapy (KRT) Status: 1) KRT Naïve 2) Transplant 3) Dialysis (skip to 5)

4a. Most Recent eGFR: _____ (use U25eGFR)

5. Primary Refer to Table 1 at the bottom of page 2 for details of categories 1, 2 and 3.

Diagnosis: 1) Glomerulonephritis 3) Non-GN (Other); specify Diagnosis: _____
 2) Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) 4) Unknown

6. Which of the following best describes the race of the patient? (More than one race may be selected.)

1) American Indian/Alaskan Native
 2) Asian/Asian American
 3) African American/Black
 4) Caucasian/ White
 5) Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander
 6) Other; specify Race: _____
 -8) Don't know/ Information not available

7. Is the patient of Hispanic or Latino/a origin? 1) Yes 2) No -8) Don't know/Information not available

8. Was the patient screened and family/patients asked to participate in the CKiD study? 1) Yes
 2) No (**Skip to Question 9**)

8a. Reason for Refusal: (**Select all that apply**)

- 99) Passive Refusal/Unresponsive after 6 months
- 1) No reason given 9) Long travel time to site
- 2) Parent/Guardian is not interested 10) Study visits perceived as too long
- 3) Patient is not interested 11) Patient feeling too ill to participate
- 4) Patient has medical anxiety/other medical condition 12) Patient and/or parent/guardian did not want patient's data to be stored in national repository
- 5) Patient and/or parent/guardian does not consider the CKiD study beneficial 13) Patient and/or parent/guardian concerned about research processes in CKiD study
- 6) Patient and/or parent/guardian is unable to make scheduled appointment/too busy/time constraints 14) Patient and/or parent/guardian prefer (additional) compensation for participation
- 7) Patient and/or parent/guardian declined because too many IVs for blood draws are required 15) Patient doesn't want to participate in any research (i.e., distrust research)
- 8) Patient and/or parent/guardian concerned about data privacy/protection of personal medical information 16) Other Reason family refused to participate; specify other reason: _____

SKIP TO QUESTION 10

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9. Please specify the reason(s) why the patient was screened but patient/family NOT recruited.

(Select all that apply)

- 1) Patient too ill
- 2) Patient has rapidly declining GFR
- 3) Patient/Family pending relocation
- 4) Patient/Family has language barrier
- 5) Patient/Family has problem complying with clinical visits (misses too many clinical visits)
- 6) Medical chart specifies that patient should not be approached for research
- 7) Nephrologist/health professional indicates that the patient is not a good candidate (i.e., not a good fit)
- 8) Other Reason family NOT recruited to participate; specify other reason: _____

10. Was a KID # assigned and Eligibility form sent to CCC for data entry? 1) Yes 2) No (**END Form**)

10a. Record the KID # that assigned and sent to CCC for data entered: _____ - _____ - _____

KID # SHOULD NOT BE REUSED

Table 1. Primary diagnosis of Chronic Kidney Disease CLASSIFICATION

1) Glomerular CKD diagnosis

- 15) Chronic glomerulonephritis
- 20) Congenital nephrotic syndrome
- 23) Denys-Drash syndrome
- 24) Diabetic nephropathy
- 12) Familial nephritis (Alport's)
- 10) Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis
- 11) Hemolytic uremic syndrome
- 19) Henoch Schonlein nephritis
- 17) Idiopathic crescentic glomerulonephritis
- 13) IgA Nephropathy (Berger's)
- 16) Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis Type I
- 21) Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis Type II
- 18) Membranous nephropathy
- 22) Sickle cell nephropathy
- 14) Systemic immunological disease (including SLE)
- 40) Glomerular Other: _____

2) Non-Glomerular (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary)

- 51) Aplastic/hypoplastic/dysplastic kidneys
- 65) Branchio-oto-Renal Disease/Syndrome
- 62) Congenital Urologic Disease (Bilateral Hydronephrosis)
- 57) Medullary cystic disease/juvenile nephronophthisis
- 50) Obstructive uropathy
- 61) Oxalosis
- 60) Polycystic kidney disease (Autosomal dominant)
- 53) Polycystic kidney disease (Autosomal recessive)
- 67) Posterior Urethral Valves
- 55) Pyelonephritis/Interstitial nephritis
- 52) Reflux nephropathy
- 58) Syndrome of agenesis of abdominal musculature
- 63) Vactrel or Vater Syndrome

3) Non-Glomerular (Other)

- 54) Cystinosis
- 64) Perinatal Asphyxia
- 56) Renal infarct
- 59) Wilms' tumor
- 80) Non-Glomerular Other: _____