

CKiD Chronic Kidney Disease in Children Cohort Study (CKiD)
QUESTION BY QUESTION SPECIFICATIONS
REF: REFUSAL/NON-PARTICIPATION FORM

THIS FORM MUST BE DATA ENTERED

General Instructions:

- 1.) This form is to be completed for each **eligible** child (a child who meets the eligibility criteria), who has refused to participate in the study (CKiD) OR if the site does not recruit (approach) the family/child for study participation. **This form should NOT be completed for participants who are ineligible for study participation.**
- 2.) The form version is pre-printed. Be sure that you are using the current version (09/01/11) and that all unused, outdated versions have been discarded.

Upper Left Corner: SITE MUST ASSIGN ID NUMBER FOR EACH FORM COMPLETED.

Enter the Cohort, Site and Local ID number. Sites must enter “1” in the first box for children who are approached during the first phase of recruitment and “2” for children approached during the second phase. The next two digits indicate the site number. Values between “01” and “49” are reserved for clinical sites coordinated by the midwest clinical coordinating center, and “50” to “99” for clinical sites coordinated by the eastcoast clinical coordinating center. In the 5 last digits, sites must assign all children a local ID number. The local ID number should be at least 3 digits in length. It can be 5 digits from the part of the child’s medical record or some other commonly used number at the site. **The Local ID is NOT the KID #.**

Upper Right Corner: Enter the initials of the person completing the form. The person who is interviewing the potential participant must document his/her initials.

Question 1: Record the date the potential participant refused to participate in the CKiD cohort study.

Question 2: Sites must have a documented year of birth.

Question 2a: Sites must document the most recent estimated GFR based on the updated Schwartz formula ($eGFR = 0.413 * \text{Height (in cm)} / \text{SCr}$).

Question 3: Sites must have a documented gender.

Question 3a: Sites must document the primary diagnosis category. Use Table 1 to identify the primary diagnosis category for each listed primary diagnosis.

TABLE 1: PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS CLASSIFICATION

| PRIMARY DIAGNOSIS | DIAGNOSIS CATEGORY | CODE |
|--|-------------------------------------|------|
| 51) Aplastic/hypoplastic/dysplastic kidneys | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 65) Branchio-oto-Renal Disease/Syndrome | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 15) Chronic glomerulonephritis | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 20) Congenital nephrotic syndrome | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 62) Congenital Urologic Disease (Bilateral Hydronephrosis) | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 54) Cystinosis | Non-GN (Other) | 3 |
| 23) Denys-Drash syndrome | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 24) Diabetic nephropathy | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 12) Familial nephritis (Alport's) | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 10) Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 40) Glomerular Other: _____ | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 11) Hemolytic uremic syndrome | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 19) Henoch Schonlein nephritis | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 17) Idiopathic crescentic glomerulonephritis | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 13) IgA Nephropathy (Berger's) | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 57) Medullary cystic disease/juvenile nephronophthisis | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 16) Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis Type I | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 21) Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis Type II | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 18) Membranous nephropathy | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 80) Non-Glomerular Other: _____ | Non-GN (Other) | 3 |
| 50) Obstructive uropathy | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 61) Oxalosis | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 64) Perinatal Asphyxia | Non-GN (Other) | 3 |
| 60) Polycystic kidney disease (Autosomal dominant) | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 53) Polycystic kidney disease (Autosomal recessive) | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 55) Pyelonephritis/Interstitial nephritis | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 52) Reflux nephropathy | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 56) Renal infarct | Non-GN (Other) | 3 |
| 22) Sickle cell nephropathy | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 58) Syndrome of agenesis of abdominal musculature | Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) | 2 |
| 14) Systemic immunological disease (including SLE) | Glomerulonephritis (GN) | 1 |
| 63) Vactrel or Vater Syndrome | Non-GN (Other) | 3 |
| 59) Wilms' tumor | Non-GN (Other) | 3 |

Question 4: Sites must have a documented race.

Question 5: Sites must have a documented Hispanic or Latino/a origin.

Question 6: Sites must document whether a child/family who was screened/identified as eligible for CKiD study participation was asked to participate (approached by the site.) If yes (Code 1) then proceed to question 6a. Otherwise, if the family was NOT approached/recruited for study participation, check No (Code 2) and skip to Question 7.

Question 6a: Specify the reason for the participant's refusal (i.e., disinterest, confidentiality concerns, ect.)

Question 7: *This question should be completed ONLY if the family was NOT recruited/approached by site for study participation (response to question 6 was "No".)*

Specify the reason for the child/family was not recruited (i.e., patient too ille, family has problems complying with clinical visits.)

Question 8: Site must record whether a KID was assigned. If a KID was assigned the site must circle "yes" and document the KID in questions 8a. If the site assigned a KID and the family/child does not agree to participate in the study (i.e., does not provide written consent/assent), the site must inform their CCC and that KID ID should not be reused.