Ente num local recor	MINDER: SITE MUST ASSIGN ID NUMBER cr "3" in the first box. The next 2 digits indicate the site's ber, 01-49 (Midwest sites) and 50-99 (East Coast sites). The l ID # should be at least 3 digits. It can be the child's medical rd number or some other commonly used number by the site. CAL ID# IS NOT KID#. Chronic Kidney Disease in Children (CKiD) REFUSAL FORM/NON-PARTICIPATION (REF)					
Form Version: $09 / 01 / 2 0 1 1$						
1.	Date Form Completed: / [mm/dd/yyyy]					
2.	Year of birth: [yyyy]					
2a.	. Most Recent eGFR: (updated Schwartz formula to estimate GFR = 0.413 * Height (in cm)/SCr)					
3.	. Gender:					
3a.	Primary Diagnosis: Refer to Table 1 at the bottom of page 2 for details of categories 1, 2 and 3. 3) Non-GN (Other); specify Diagnosis: 2) Non-GN (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary) 4) Unknown					
4.	Which of the following best describes the race of the child? (More than one race may be selected.) 1) American Indian/Alaskan Native 2) Asian/Asian American 3) African American/Black 4) Caucasian/ White 5) Native Hawaiian/other Pacific Islander 6) Other; specify Race: -8) Don't know/ Information not available					
5.	Is the child of Hispanic or Latino/a origin?					
6.	6. Was the child screened and family asked to participate in the CKiD study? 1) Yes 2) No (Skip to Question 7)					
ба.	Reason for Refusal: (More than one answer may be selected.) 1) No reason given (Skip to Question 8) 2) Parent is not interested 3) Child is not interested 4) Parent and/or child is unable to make scheduled appointment/too busy/time constraints 5) Child feeling too ill to participate 6) Parent and/or child concerned about data privacy/protection of personal medical information 7) Parent and/or child declined because too many IVs for GFR and blood draws are required 8) Parent and/or child did not want child's blood to be stored in CKiD national repository 9) Parent and/or child does not consider the CKiD study beneficial 10) Parent and/or child concerned about research processes in CKiD study 11) Parent and/or child prefers (additional) compensation 12) Other Reason family refused to participate; specify other reason:					
	SKIP TO QUESTION 8					

Ente nun loca rece	er "3" in nber, 01 nl ID # s ord num	er: SITE MUST ASSIGN ID NUMBER the the first box. The next 2 digits indicate the site's -49 (Midwest sites) and 50-99 (East Coast sites). The should be at least 3 digits. It can be the child's medical there or some other commonly used number by the site. D# IS NOT KID#.		Cohort: Site: Local ID#:	
7.	Please specify the reason(s) why the child was screened but family NOT recruited. (More than one answer may be selected.)		1) Patien	t too ill	
			2) Child has rapidly declining GFR		
			3) Family pending relocation		
			4) Family has language barrier		
			5) Family has problem complying with clinical visits		
			(misses too many clinical visits)		
			6) Other	Reason family NOT recruited to participate;	
				ify other reason:	
8.	. Was a KID # assigned and Eligibility form sent to CCC for data entry?		☐ 1) Yes		
			2) No (E	ND)	
8a.	for d	ord the KID # that assigned and sent to CCC lata entered: imary diagnosis of Chronic Kidney Disease	KID # SHOULD NOT BE REUSED		
Table	; 1, I 1	1) Glomerular CKD diagnosis	CLASSIFIC	2) Non-Glomerular (Urologic/Cystic/Hereditary)	
	□ 15)	Chronic glomerulonephritis	□ 51)	Aplastic/hypoplastic/dysplastic kidneys	
	□ 20)	Congenital nephrotic syndrome	□ 65)	Branchio-oto-Renal Disease/Syndrome	
	□ 23)	Denys-Drash syndrome	□ 62)	Congenital Urologic Disease (Bilateral Hydronephrosis)	
	□ 24)	Diabetic nephropathy	□ 57)	Medullary cystic disease/juvenile nephronophthisis	
	□ 12)	Familial nephritis (Alport's)	□ 50)	Obstructive uropathy	
	□ 10)	Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis	□ 6 1)	Oxalosis	
	□ 11)	Hemolytic uremic syndrome	□ 60)	Polycystic kidney disease (Autosomal dominant)	
	□ 19)	Henoch Schonlein nephritis	□ 53)	Polycystic kidney disease (Autosomal recessive)	
	□ 17)	Idiopathic cresentic glomerulonephritis	□ 55)	Pyelonephritis/Interstitial nephritis	
	□ 13)	IgA Nephropathy (Berger's)	□ 52)	Reflux nephropathy	
	□ 16)	Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis Type	e I □ 58)	Syndrome of agenesis of abdominal musculature	
	□21)	Membranoproliferative glomerulonephritis Type	e II □ 63)	Vactrel or Vater Syndrome	
	□ 18)	Membranous nephropathy			
	□ 22)	Sickle cell nephropathy		3) Non-Glomerular (Other)	
	□ 14)	Systemic immunological disease (including SLE)	□ 54)	Cystinosis	
	□ 40)	Glomerular Other:	□ 64)	Perinatal Asphyxia	
			□ 56)	Renal infarct	
			□ 59)	Wilms' tumor	

□80) Non-Glomerular Other: _____