

WOMEN'S INTERAGENCY HIV STUDY
QUALITY CONTROL SHEET
REVIEW OF GYNECOLOGIC MATERIAL

FORM COMPLETED BY: _____

DATE OF REVIEW: ____ / ____ / ____

ID LABEL HERE --> | - | - | - | - | - | VISIT #: ____

DATE OF PROCEDURE: ____ / ____ / ____ VERSION DATE: 10/01/08

A1. BIOPSY # _____ OUT OF _____ (TOTAL # OF BIOPSIES)

A2. ACCESSION #: _____

A3. SLIDE #: _____

A4. SPECIMEN ADEQUACY:

Satisfactory 1

Limited, specimen evaluated 2

A5. SPECIMEN TYPE (circle one):

Endocervical Curettage 1

Colposcopically Directed Punch Biopsy of cervix 2 (a)

a. Punch biopsy location:

| | o'clock (round to nearest o'clock)

Cervical Excisional Biopsy 3

Loop Excision of Transformation Zone (LLETZ, LETZ, LEEP) 4

Cervical Cone Biopsy 5

Vaginal 6

Vulvar 7

Perianal 8

Anal 9

Endometrial 10

Other 11

SPECIFY

A6. BIOPSY RESULT: YES NO

Normal 1 (END) 2

A7. REVIEW DIAGNOSIS:

Circle YES (i.e., present) or NO (i.e., absent) for each of the following findings that apply. If a single biopsy has a range of disease from flat condyloma, CIN1 and CIN3, check all the appropriate boxes. The criteria for diagnosis and classification should be based on those published in the AFIP Atlas.

	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
a. Acute cervicitis	1	2
b. Chronic cervicitis.....	1	2
c. Follicular cervicitis	1	2
d. Endocervical polyp.....	1	2
e. Hyperkaratosis	1	2
f. Parakeratosis	1	2
g. Atrophy.....	1	2
h. Tubal metaplasia.....	1	2
i. Herpes	1	2
j. TB	1	2
k. Actinomycosis	1	2
l. Squamous papilloma.....	1	2
m. Squamous metaplasia.....	1	2
n. Transitional metaplasia	1	2
o. Other non-HPV abnormality.....	1	2

SPECIFY: _____

p. Squamous atypia.....	1	2
q. Low grade squamous intraepithelial lesions.....	1	2 (r)
i. Condyloma acuminatum	1	2
ii. Flat condyloma (HPV effect only).....	1	2
iii. CIN 1, mild dysplasia	1	2
r. High grade squamous intraepithelial lesion.....	1	2 (s)
i. CIN 2, moderate dysplasia	1	2
ii. CIN 3, severe dysplasia/carcinoma in situ	1	2
iii. Cannot determine, ECC specimen	1	2
s. SIL, inadequate orientation for grading.....	1	2
t. Squamous cell carcinoma	1	2
u. Glandular atypia	1	2
v. Atypical glandular hyperplasia.....	1	2
w. Adenocarcinoma in situ	1	2
x. Adenocarcinoma.....	1	2
y. Other epithelial cell abnormality	1	2

SPECIFY: _____

PROMPT:	IF ANY OF QUESTIONS A7p THROUGH A7y = YES, ANSWER QUESTIONS A8 AND A9. OTHERWISE, END FORM.
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A8. PREDOMINANT GRADE LESION:

- Low grade.....1
- High grade.....2
- Squamous cell carcinoma....3

A9. HIGHEST GRADE LESION:

- Low grade1
- High grade.....2
- Squamous cell carcinoma...3